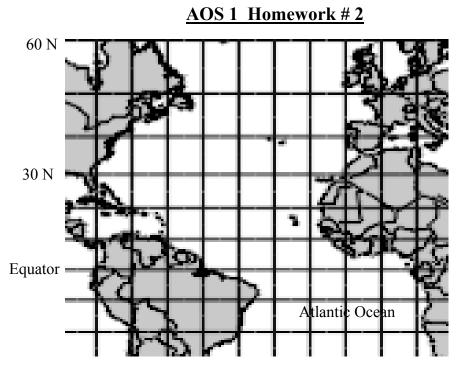
## Section:



1) Above is a map of the Atlantic Ocean between 30 S and 60 N. Roughly indicate with the letter "H" where the North Atlantic subtropical high is centered.

- 2) Using arrows, draw the horizontal atmospheric circulation associated with this high pressure on the map above.
- 3) What vertical motion is associated with this subtropical high in the atmosphere? \_\_\_\_\_\_ (rising or sinking)
- 4) As a result of this vertical motion, is the air relatively dry or moist?

5) As we discussed in class, winds drag on the top layer of the ocean. The motion of the top layer of water then exerts a drag on the layers of water below. The speed of the water

\_\_\_\_\_ (increases or decreases) with depth and turns to the \_\_\_\_\_\_ of motion in the Northern Hemisphere.

6) As a result of the above process, a net transport of water occurs \_\_\_\_\_ degrees to the of the wind in the Northern Hemisphere. This is known as

Using arrows, draw the <u>NET</u> horizontal movement of seawater associated with the winds of the subtropical high drawn in question 2.

7) Does this net movement of water form a mound or a depression under the subtropical high? \_\_\_\_\_\_ What type of circulation does the perturbation in water level induce in the Northern Hemisphere?\_\_\_\_\_ (clockwise or counterclockwise)

- 8) What is the vertical motion in the ocean underneath the subtropical high? \_\_\_\_\_\_ (upwelling or downwelling)
- 9) As a result of this vertical circulation, is this a region of the ocean rich or poor in nutrients important for marine life?