Correction to “Remote sensing of three-dimensional inhomogeneous cirrus clouds using satellite and mm-wave cloud radar data” by K. N. Liou, S. C. Ou, Y. Takano, J. Roskovensky, G. G. Mace, K. Sassen, and M. Poellot

Received 28 May 2002; published XX Month 2002.

INDEX TERMS: 0320 Atmospheric Composition and Structure: Cloud physics and chemistry; 3359 Meteorology and Atmospheric Dynamics: Radiative processes; 3360 Meteorology and Atmospheric Dynamics: Remote sensing; 9900 Corrections

[1] In the paper “Remote sensing of three-dimensional inhomogeneous cirrus clouds using satellite and mm-wave cloud radar data” by K. N. Liou, S. C. Ou, Y. Takano, J. Roskovensky, G. G. Mace, K. Sassen, and M. Poellot (Geophysical Research Letters, 29(9), 10.1029/2002GL014846, 2002) an incorrect version of Figure 2 appeared. The correct Figure 2 and its caption appear below.

Figure 2. Three-dimensional ice water content (IWC, 0–0.28 g/m$^3$) and mean effective ice crystal size (DE, 0–196 μm) determined from a unification of the optical depth and DE retrieval from the 0.63 and 3.7 μm AVHRR channels aboard the NOAA-14 satellite and the IWC and DE retrieved from the 35 GHz cloud radar over the ARM-SGP CART site at 2023 UTC on April 18, 1997. The 3D IWC and DE results are presented in the xy, yz, and xz planes over a 40 km × 40 km × 4.5 km domain.